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PART III—Section I

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

Dated 18th July 1952.

No. Ch.S. 5296—G.E. 7-52-3. Under Clause (3) of Article 166 read with Clause (1) of Article 238 of the Constitution of India, His Highness the Maharaja has been pleased to transfer the work relating to "Beggar Relief" from the portfolio of the Minister for Law and Education to that of the Minister for Revenue and Public Works.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. PUTTARANGASWAMY,
Chief Secretary to Government.

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DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Dated 15—16th July 1952.

No. C. & D. 2161. The following Public Notices issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi, are hereby republished for general information :—

1 No. 55—ITC (PN)—52, dated 29th May 1952, regarding the procedure for the grant of licenses to importers during July-December 1952.

2 No. 60—ITC (PN)—52, regarding forms of applications for import of goods for the various categories of importers for use during July-December 1952 period.

3 No. 66—ITC (PN)—52, regarding Licensing policy regarding the import of looms required for Cotton Textile Industry for the year 1952.

4 No. 67—ITC (PN)—52, dated 20th June 1952, regarding the procedure for the grant of licenses to Actual users during July-December 1952.

5 No. 68—ITC (PN)—52, dated 26th June 1952, regarding Import of all types of lifts and elevators falling under Sl. No. 70 of Part V of I.T.C., Schedule during July-December 1952.

6 No. 7—52, dated 27th June 1952, regarding Imports from Pakistan—Open General License.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

R. J. REGO,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

New Delhi, the 29th May 1952.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Subject :—Procedure for the grant of licences to importers during July-December 1952.

No. 55—ITC (PN)—52.-The general basis for the grant of import licences during July-December 1952 to different classes of importers will be the same as it was in the January-June 1952 period subject to certain modifications which are published below for general information.

ESTABLISHED IMPORTERS.

2 The basic period for the grant of quota licences to established importers will remain the same as in January-June 1952 except that imports made in 1951-52 may also be counted as basic year imports.

3 Firms who propose to claim quotas on the basis of 1951-52 imports should apply to the Import Trade Controller concerned along with the necessary documents for the grant of a quota certificate by 30th June 1952 at the latest. If the documents have already been submitted in any other connection and have not yet been received back, a reference to the previous correspondence should be made when applying for the quota certificate.

4 It will not be necessary for established importers to produce evidence of a second year's import in terms of Public Notice No. 109—ITC (PN)—51 of the 23rd June 1951 when they claim an import licence on the basis of licences already granted in January-June 1952 or on the basis of valid quota certificates previously granted. Evidence to establish the fact that the firm has imported the item in question in at least two financial years between 1st April 1946 and 30th June 1952 will be required if it is claiming quotas for the first time or claiming a revision of its existing quota certificate. Such evidence where required may take the shape of only one bill of entry or other acceptable documents for each financial year, and it may relate to imports made from any currency area and not necessarily the one for which a licence is claimed.

PRE-WAR IMPORTS.

5 Opportunity was given in January-June 1952 to importers of goods from countries trade with which was interrupted during the last war to claim quotas based on pre-war imports from those countries. Claims already made under this scheme, which was originally announced in Public Notice No. 109—ITC (PN)—51 of the 23rd June 1951 will be fully examined, and, where the claim is accepted, quota certificates will be given if they have not already been granted. It has, however, been decided that new claims on the ground of imports made before the war will not be entertained hereafter, unless the item in question is one for which there was no quota during January-June 1952.

6 Documents which established importers have to produce in support of their past imports will be as prescribed in the Hand Book of Rules and Procedure 1952 subject to the modifications indicated above except that (*a*) in respect of Miscellaneous hardware falling under Sl. No. 275 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule it will be sufficient for the firm to quote the registration number allotted to it under the quota registration scheme, and it will not be required to re-submit any documents relating to its past imports ; and (*b*) in respect of items to which the quota registration scheme was extended in Public Notice No. 45—ITC (PN) 52, dated 26th April 1952, no application for a licence for such items should be made until the Jt. Chief Controller of Imports, Calcutta, intimates the quota registration number.

7 In the case of imports at the port of Calcutta in place of the Bills of Entry, Customs Duty Receipts with invoices signed by the Customs authorities and Bank drafts or Bank exchange Memo can be produced.

8 The basis on which quotas for granting general and soft currency licences will be calculated will be the same as in January-June 1952, except that in the case of items for which the soft currency quota is higher the importer may in lieu of the General licence take a soft currency licence calculated at the higher rate. Firms wishing to take advantage of this option must choose the same basic year for their Dollar and Soft Currency Imports, and further they must submit their applications based on both Dollar and Soft Currency Imports on the same date and in the same cover.

9 Licences to established importers will not be given if the value of the licence to which they are entitled